

### ARCHANGEL MICHAEL CHURCH

Protopresbyter, John K. Lardas, Proistamenos Protopresbyter Nikolaos Tsagarakis 100 Fairway Drive Port Washington, NY 11050 Ph. (516) 944-3180 | Email. info@archangelmichaelchurch.org



**SUNDAY May 18, 2025** [ Ήχος δ', Έωθινόν Z' | Tone 4, 7th<sup>th</sup> Morning Gospel

ΚΥΡΙΑΚΗ: Ε΄ ΑΠΟ ΤΟΥ ΠΑΣΧΑ (τῆς Σαμαρείτιδος). Τῶν Ἁγίων Μαρτύρων Πέτρου, Διονυσίου, Παύλου, Χριστίνης, Ἡρακλείου, Παυλίνου καί Βενεδίμου. Τοῦ ἐν Ἁγίοις Πατρός ἡμῶν Στεράνου Πατριάρχου Κωνσταντινοοπόλεως. έπιτελοῦμεν πάντων τῶν ἐν Ἁγίοις Πατέρων ἡμῶν Ἀρχιεπισκόπου καί Πατριαρχῶν Κωνσταντινουπόλεως.

Απολυτίκιον τῆς Ἑορτῆς

Χριστος ανέστη έκ νεκρῶν, θανάτω θάνατον πατήσας, και τοῖς ἐν τοῖς μνήμασι, ζωην χαρισάμενος.

Είσοδικόν. Ήχος πλ. β

Έν ἐκκλησίαις εὐλογεῖτε τον Θεόν, Κύριον ἐκ πηγῶν Ίσραήλ. Σῶσον ἡμᾶς Υἱε Θεοῦ, ὁ ἀναστας ἐκ νεκρῶν, ψαλλοντάς σοί άλληλούια

Άπολυτίκιον Άναστάσιμον. Ήχος δ΄.

Το φαιδρον τῆς ἀναστάσεως κήρυγμα, ἐκ τοῦ Άγγέλου μαθοῦσαι αὶ τοῦ Κυρίου Μαθήτριαι, και την προγονικην ἀπόφασιν ἀπορρίψασαι, τοῖς Άποστόλοις καυχώμεναι ἔλεγον Εσκύλευται ὁ θάνατος, ἡγέρθη Χριστος ὁ Θεός, δωρούμενος τῷ κόσμω το μέγα ἔλεος.

Άπολυτίκιον τῆς Ἑορτῆς. Ήχος πλ. δ΄.

Μεσούσης τῆς ἐορτῆς, διψῶσάν μου την ψυχήν, εὐσεβείας πότισον νάματα. ότι πᾶσι Σωτηρ ἐβόησας: Ο διψων, έρχέσθω πρός με και πινέτω. Ή πηγη τῆς ζωῆς, Χριστε ὁ Θεός, δόξα σοι.

Απολυτίκιον τῶν Κεκοιμένων. ήχος πλ. δ΄ Μνήσθητι Κύριε, ώς άγαθος τοῦ (τῆς, τῶν) δούλου (δούλης, δούλων) σου, και ὅσα ἐν βίω ἤμαρτεν (ἤμαρτεν, ἤμαρτον) συγχώρησον· οὐδεις γαρ ἀναμάρτητος, εἰ μη Συ ὁ δυνάμενος, και τῶ (τῆ, τοῖς) μεταστάντι (μεταστάση, μεταστᾶσι) δοῦναι τήν άνάπαυσιν.

Απολυτίκιον τοῦ Ναοῦ. Ἡχος δ΄

Άρχιστράτηγοι, Τῶν στρατιῶν οὐρανίων δυσωπούμεν ύμας ήμεις οι ανάξιοι, ίνα ταις ύμων δεήσεσι, τειχίσητε ήμας, σκέπη των πτερύγων, τῆς άΰλου ὑμῶν δόξης, φρουροῦντες ἡμᾶς προσπίπτοντας, ἐκτενῶς και βοῶντας Ἐκ τῶν κινδύνων λυτρώσασθε ἡμᾶς, ὡς Ταξιάρχαι τῶν ἄνω Δυνάμεων.

**Κοντάκιον τῆς Εορτής. Ἡχος πλ.δ΄**. Εἰ και ἐν τάφω κατῆλθες Ἀθάνατε, ἀλλα τοῦ ἄδου καθεῖλες την δύναμιν· και ἀνέστης ὡς νικητής, Χριστε ὁ Θεός, γυναιξι Μυροφόροις φθεγξάμενος, Χαίρετε, και τοῖς σοῖς Ἀποστόλοις εἰρήνην δωρούμενος, ὁ τοῖς πεσοῦσι παρέχων ανάστασιν.

SUNDAY: 5th of PASCHA (The Samaritan Woman): The Holy Martyrs Peter, Dionysios, Paul, Christian, Hercules, Pavlinos and Benjamin, Our Holy Father Stephanos the 1<sup>st</sup>, Patriarch of Constantinople. The Remembrance of all the holy Fathers and Archbishops of the Patriarchate of Constantinople

The Apolytikion of The Feast

Christ is risen from the dead, by death trampling down upon death, and to those in the tombs He has granted life.

For the Feast Mode pl. 2.

Bless God in the churches, the Lord from the fountains of Israel. Save us, O Son of God, risen from the dead, we sing to You, Alleluia

Resurrectional Apolytikion. Mode 4.

When the women disciples of the Lord heard the Angel joyously proclaim the resurrection, they cast aside the ancestral verdict, and boasting in glory they said to the Apostles, "Death has been despoiled! Christ God has risen, granting the great mercy to the world!"

Apolytikion of the Feast. Mode pl. 4.

O Lord, midway through the feast, give drink to my thirsty soul from the living waters of right belief. You, O Savior, proclaimed to everyone, "Let whoever is thirsty come to Me and drink." You are the fountain of life, O Christ our God. Glory to You!

**Apolytikion for the Departed. Tone Plagal 4th** Remember, O Lord, as Yor are Good, your servant(s), and forgive every sin he (she,they) have committed in this life. For no one is sinless, except You, Who have power to grant rest to those who have fallen asleep.

Apolytikion of the Church. Tone 4

O Chief Commanders of the heavenly armies, we the unworthy now entreat you in earnest, to fortify us by your supplications to the Lord, and shelter us beneath the wings of your spiritual glory, guarding us who run to you and fervently entreat you: As the Commanders of the hosts on high, rescue us faithful from dangers of every kind.

Kontakion of the Feast. mode pl.4

Though You went down into the tomb, O Immortal One, yet You brought down the dominion of Hades; and You rose as the victor, O Christ our God; and You called out "Rejoice" to the Myrrh-bearing women, and gave peace to Your Apostles, O Lord who to the fallen grant resurrection.

Προκείμενον. Ήχος δ', ΨΑΛΜΟΙ 103.24,1 'Ως έμεγαλύνθη τα έργα σου Κύριε, πάντα έν σοφία έποίησας. Στίχ. Εὐλόγει ἡ ψυχή μου τον Κύριον.

Πράξεις Αποστόλων 11:19-30 το ανάγνωσμα Έν ταῖς ἡμεραῖς ἐκείναις, διασπαρέντες οἱ Ἀπόστολοι ἀπο τῆς θλίψεως τῆς γενομένης ἐπι Στεφάνω διῆλθον ἔως Φοινίκης και Κύπρου και Αντιοχείας, μηδενι λαλούντες τον λόγον εἰ μη μόνον Ίουδαίοις. Ήσαν δέ τινες έξ αὐτῶν ἄνδρες Κύπριοι και Κυρηναῖοι, οἴτινες εἰσελθόντες εἰς Άντιόχειαν, ἐλάλουν προς τους Ἑλληνιστάς, εὐαγγελιζόμενοι τον κύριον Ίησοῦν. Και ήν χειρ κυρίου μετ' αὐτῶν πολύς τε άριθμος πιστεύσας έπέστρεψεν έπι τον κύριον. Ήκούσθη δε ὁ λόγος εἰς τα ὧτα τῆς ἐκκλησίας τῆς ἐν Ἱεροσολύμοις περὶ αὐτῶν· και ἐξαπέστειλαν ξαρνάβαν διελθεῖν ἔως Ἀντιοχείας· δς παραγενόμενος και ίδων την χάριν τοῦ θεοῦ ἐχάρη, και παρεκάλει πάντας τῆ προθέσει τῆς καρδίας προσμένειν τῷ κυρίῳ· ὅτι ἡν ἀνηρ άγαθος και πλήρης πνεύματος άγίου και πίστεως και προσετέθη όχλος ἰκανος τῷ κυρίῳ. Έξηλθεν δε εἰς Ταρσον ὁ Βαρνάβας άναζητῆσαι Σαῦλον, και εὐρων ἤγαγεν αὐτον εἰς Ἀντιόχειαν. Έγένετο δε αὐτους ένιαυτον ὅλον συναχθῆναι τῆ ἐκκλησία και διδάξαι ὄχλον ἱκανόν, χρηματίσαι τε πρώτον εν Αντιοχεία τους μαθητας Χριστιανούς. Έν ταύταις δε ταις ἡμέραις κατῆλθον ἀπο Ίεροσολύμων προφήται είς Άντιόχειαν. Άναστας δε είς έξ αὐτῶν όνόματι Άγαβος, έσήμανεν δια τοΰ πνεύματος λιμον μέγαν μέλλειν ἔσεσθαι ἐφ' ὄλην την οἰκουμένην∙ ὄστις και ἐγένετο ἐπι Κλαυδίου Καίσαρος. Τῶν δε μαθητῶν καθως εὐπορεῖτό τις, ὥρισαν ἔκαστος αὐτῶν εἰς διακονίαν πέμψαι τοῖς κατοικοῦσιν ἐν τῆ Ἰουδαία άδελφοῖς: ὁ και ἐποίησαν, ἀποστείλαντες προς τους πρεσβυτέρους δια χειρος Βαρνάβα και Σαύλου.

Έκ τοῦ Κατα Ἰωάννην 4:5-42 Εὐαγγελίου το `

Ανάγνωσμα
Τῷ καιρῷ ἐκείνῳ, ἔρχεται ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἰς πόλιν τῆς Σαμαρείας λεγομένην Συχάρ, πλησίον τοῦ χωρίου ὁ ἔδωκεν Ἰακωβ Ἰωσηφ τῷ υἰῷ αὐτοῦ· ἦν δε ἐκεῖ πηγη τοῦ Ἰακώβ. Ὁ οὖν Ἰησοῦς κεκοπιακως ἐκ τῆς ὁδοιπορίας ἐκαθέζετο οὐτως ἐπι τῆ πηγῆ; ὤρα ἦν ώσει ἔκτη. Ἐρχεται γυνη ἐκ τῆς Σαμαρείας ἀντλήσαι ὕδωρ. Λέγει αὐτῆ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· δός μοι πεῖν. Οἱ γαρ μαθηται αὐτοῦ ἀπεληλύθεισαν εἰς την πόλιν ἰνα τροφας ἀγοράσωσι. Λέγει οὖν αὐτῷ ἡ γυνη ἡ Σαμαρεῖτις· Πώς συ Ἰουδαῖος ών παρ' ἐμοῦ πεῖν αἰτεῖς, οὐσης γυναικος Σαμαρεῖτιδος; Οὐ γαρ συγχρῷνται Ἰουδαίοι Σαμαρείτιςις. Απεκρίθη Ἰησοῦς και εἰπεν αὐτῆ· Εἰ ἤδεις την δωρεαν Θεοῦ, και τίς ἐστιν ὁ λέγων σοι, δός μοι πιεῖν, συ ἀν ἤτησας αὐτόν, και ἔδωκεν ἀν σοι ὕδωρ ζῶν. Λέγει αὐτῷ ἡ γυνή· Κύριε, οὐτε ἄντλημα ἔχεις, και το φρέαρ ἐστι βαθυ· πόθεν οὖν ἔχεις το ὕδωρ το ζῷν; Μη συ μείζων εἰ τοῦ πατρος ἡμῶν Ἰακωβ, ὁς ἔδωκεν ἡμῖν το φρέαρ, και αὐτος ἐξ αὐτοῦ ἔπε και οἱ υἰοι αὐτοῦ και τα θρέμματα αὐτοῦ; ᾿Απεκρίθη Ἰησοῦς και εἰπεν αὐτῆ· Πᾶς ὁ πίνων ἐκ τοῦ ὕδατος τούτου διψήσει πάλιν· ὸς δ' ἀν πίῃ ἐκ τοῦ ὕδατος οὐ ἐγω δώσω αὐτῷ, οὐ μη διψήση εἰς τον αἰῶνα, ἀλλα το ὕδωρ ὁ δώσω αὐτῷ, γενήσεται ἐν αὐτῷ, πηγη, ὕδατος ἀλλομένου εἰς ζωην αἰώνιον. Λέγει προς αὐτον ἡ Άνάγνωσμα αυτώ, ου μη οιψηση εις τον αιωνα, αλλά το υσώρ ο οωσώ αυτώ, γενησεται έν αυτώ πηγη ὕδατος άλλομένου είς ζωην αίώνιον. Λέγει προς αυτον ή γυνή· Κύριε, δός μοι τοῦτο το ὕδωρ, ἵνα μη διψῶ μηδε ἔρχωμαι ἐνθάδε ἀντλεῖν. Λέγει αὐτῆ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Ύπαγε φώνησον τον ἄνδρα σου και ἐλθε ἐνθάδε. Ἀπεκρίθη ἡ γυνη και εἶπεν· Οὐκ ἔχω ἄνδρα. Λέγει αὐτῆ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Καλῶς εἶπας ὅτι ἄνδρα οὐκ ἔχω· πέντε γαρ ἄνδρας ἔσχες, και νῦν ὃν ἔχεις οὐκ ἔστι σου ἀνήρ· τοῦτο ἀληθες εἴρηκας. Λέγει αὐτῷ ἡ γυνή· Κύριε, θεωρῶ ὅτι προφήτης εἶ σύ. Οἱ πατέρες ἡμῶν ἐν τῷ ὅρει τούτῳ προσεκύνησαν· και ὑμεῖς λέγετε ὅτι ἐν Ἱεροσολύμοις ἐστιν ὁ τόπος ὅπου δεῖ προσκυνείν. Λέγει αἰντῆ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Γίναι, πίστεισόν μοι ὅτι ἔρνεται μίρα ὅτε ρίτε ἐν τῷ ὅρει αὖτῆ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Γύναι, πίστευσόν μοι ὅτι ἔρχεται ὤρα ὅτε οὔτε ἐν τῷ ὅρει τούτῳ οὔτε ἐν Ἰεροσολύμοις προσκυνήσετε τῷ πατρί. Ύμεῖς προσκυνεῖτε ὃ οὐκ οἴδατε, ἡμεῖς προσκυνοὖμεν ο οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἡ σωτηρία ἔκ τῶν Ἰουδαίων εστίν. Άλλ ερχεται ώρα, και νῦν εστιν, ότε οἱ ἀληθινοι προσκυνηται προσκυνήσουσι τῷ πατρι εν πνεύματι και ἀληθείο και γαρ ὁ πατηρ τοιούτους ζητεῖ τους προσκυνοῦντας αὐτόν. Πνεῦμα ὁ Θεός, και τους προσκυνοῦντας αὐτον εν πνεύματι και ἀληθεία δεῖ προσκυνεῖν, λέγει αὐτῷ δυννοῦν οἶξα στη Μοσαία δει προσκυνοῦν τὰς στος δει προσκυνεῖν. Αν εκτικού ολλομοίο στος δει σ προσκυνούντας αυτον εν πνευματι και αληθεία δει προσκυνείν. Λεγει αυτώ ή γυνή· Οίδα ότι Μεσσίας ἔρχεται ὁ λεγόμενος Χριστός· όταν ἔλθη ἐκεῖγος, αναγγελεῖ ἡμῖν πάντα. λέγει αὐτῆ ὁ Ἰησοῖς· Ἑγώ εἰμι ὁ λάλῶν σοι, Και ἐπι τοὐτῷ ἤλθον οἱ μαθηται αὐτοῦ, και ἐθαύμασαν ὅτι μετα γυναικος ἐλάλει· οὐδεις μέντοι εἶπε, τί ζητεῖς ἢ τί λαλεῖς μετ αὐτῆς; Ἀφῆκεν οὐν την ὑδρίαν αὐτῆς ἡ γυνη και ἀπῆλθεν εἰς την πόλιν, και λέγει τοῖς ἀνθρώποις· Δεῦτε ἴδετε ἄνθρωπον ος εἶπέ μοι πάντα ὄσα ἐποίησα· μήτι οὕτός ἐστιν ὁ Χριστός; Ἐξῆλθον οὐν ἐκ τῆς πόλεως και ἤρχοντο προς αὐτόν. Εν δε τῷ μεταξυ, ἡρωτων αὐτον οἱ μαθηται λέγοντες· Ῥαβρί, φάγει. Ὁ δε εἰπεν αὐτοῖς: Ἐγω βρῶσιν ἔχω φαγεῖν, ἢν ὑμεῖς οὐκ οἴδατε. Ἔλεγον οὖν οἱ μαθηται προς ἀλλήλους· Μἡ τις ἤνεγκεν αὐτῶ φαγεῖν; Λένει αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Ἐμον άλλήλους. Μη τις ήνεγκεν αὐτῷ φαγεῖν; Λέγει αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς. Ἐμον βρῶμά ἐστιν ἰνα ποιῶ το θέλημα τοῦ πέμψαντός με και τελειώσω αὐτοῦ το εργον. Ούχ ὑμεῖς λέγετε ὅτι ἔτι τετράμηνός ἐστι και ὁ θερισμος ἔρχεται; Τόου λέγω ὑμίν, ἐπάρατε τους ὀφθαλμους ὑμῶν και θεάσασθε τας χώρας, ὅτι λευκαί εἰσι προς θερισμον ήδη. Και ὁ θερίζων μισθον λαμβάνει και συνάγει καρπον εἰς ζωην αἰώνιον, ἴνα και ὁ σπείρων ὀμοῦ χαίρη και ὁ θερίζων. Έν γαρ τούτω ὁ λόγος ἐστιν ὁ ἀληθινός, ὅτι ἄλλος ἐστιν ὁ σπείρων στι ἔλλος ὁ θερίζων. Εν γαρ τούτω ὁ λόγος ἐστιν ὁ ἀληθινός, ὅτι ἄλλος ἐστιν ὁ σπείρων στι ἔλλος ὁ θερίζων. Εν γαρ τούτω ὁ λόγος ἐστιν ὁ ἀληθινός, ὅτι ἄλλος ἐστιν ὁ σπείρων στι ἔλλος ὁ ἐστιν ὁ ἐνεροπόνεταν και δο ἐνεροπόνεταν και ἄλλος ὁ θερίζων. Έγω ἀπέστειλα ὑμᾶς θερίζειν ὃ οὐχ ὑμεῖς κεκοπιάκατε· ἄλλοι κεκοπιάκασι, και ὑμεῖς εἰς τον κόπον ἀὐτῶν εἰσεληλύθατε. Ἐκ δε τῆς πόλεως έκείνης πολλοι έπίστευσαν είς αὐτον τῶν Σαμαρειτῶν δια τον λόγον τής γυναικός, μαρτυρούσης ότι εἶπέ μοι πάντα όσα ἐποίησα. Ως οὖν ἤλθον προς αὐτον οἱ Σαμαρεῖται, ἡρώτων αὐτον μεῖναι παρ αὐτοῖς· και ἔμεινεν ἐκεῖ δύο ἡμέρας. Και πρλλῷ πλείους ἐπίστευσαν δια τον λόγον αὐτοῦ, τῆ τε εκει σος τημερας. Και πολοφ λιλείσος επιστεσσαν ότα τον λόγον αυτού, τη τε γυναικι ἔλεγον ὅτι οὐκέτι δια την σην λαλιαν πιστεύομεν· αὐτοι γαρ ἀκηκόαμεν, και οἴδαμεν ὅτι οὖτός ἐστιν ἀληθῶς ὁ σωτηρ τοῦ κόσμου ὁ

Prokeimenon. Mode 4, Psalm 103.24,1 O Lord, how manifold are your works. You have made all things

Verse: Bless the Lord, O my soul.

The reading is from Acts of the Apostles 11:19-30 In those days, those apostles who were scattered because of the persecution that arose over Stephen traveled as far as Phoenicia and Cyprus and Antioch, speaking the word to none except Jews. But there were some of them, men of Cyprus and Cyrene, who on a complete the Artisch speak to the Creek selection and Cyrene, who on coming to Antioch spoke to the Greeks also, preaching the Lord Jesus. And the hand of the Lord was with them, and a great number that believed turned to the Lord. News of this came to the ears of the church in Jerusalem, and they sent Barnabas to Antioch. When he came and saw the grace of God, he was glad; and he exhorted them all to remain faithful to the Lord with steadfast purpose; for he was a good man, full of the Holy Spirit and of faith. And a large company was added to the Lord. So Barnabas went to Tarsus to look for Saul; and when he had found him, he brought him to Antioch. For a whole year they met with him, he brought him to Antioch. For a whole year they met with the church, and taught a large company of people; and in Antioch the disciples were for the first time called Christians. Now in these days prophets came down from Jerusalem to Antioch. And one of them named Agabos stood up and foretold by the Spirit that there would be a great famine over all the world; and this took place in the days of Claudius. And the disciples determined, every one according to his ability, to send relief to the brethren who lived in Judea, and they did so, sending it to the elders by the hand of Barnabas and Saul the hand of Barnabás and Saul.

The Gospel According to John 4:5-42
At that time, Jesus came to a city of Samaria, called Sychar, near the field that Jacob gave to his son Joseph. Jacob's well was there, and so Jesus, wearied as he was with his journey, sat down beside the well. It was about the sixth hour. There came a woman of the well. It was about the sixth hour. There came a woman of Samaria to draw water. Jesus said to her, "Give me a drink." For his disciples had gone away into the city to buy food. The Samaritan woman said to him, "How is it that you, a Jew, ask a drink of me, a woman of Samaria?" For Jews have no dealings with Samaritans. Jesus answered her, "If you knew the gift of God, and who it is that is saying to you, 'Give me a drink,' you would have asked him and he would have given you living water." The woman said to him, "Sir, you have nothing to draw with, and the well is deep; where do you get that living water? Are you greater than our father Jacob, who gave us the well, and drank from it himself, and his sons, and his cattle?" Jesus said to her, "Everyone who drinks of this water will thirst again, but whoever drinks of the water that I shall give him will never thirst; the water that I shall give him will become in him a spring of water welling up to the water that I shall give him will never thirst; the water that I shall give him will become in him a spring of water welling up to eternal life." The woman said to him, "Sir, give me this water, that I may not thirst, nor come here to draw." Jesus said to her, "Go, call your husband, and come here." The woman answered him, "I have no husband." Jesus said to her, "You are right in saying, 'I have no husband'; for you have had five husbands, and he whom you now have is not your husband; this you said truly." The woman said to him, "Sir, I perceive that you are a prophet. Our fathers worshiped on this mountain; and you say that Jerusalem is the place where men ought to worship." Jesus said to her. the place where men ought to worship." Jesus said to her, Woman, believe me, the hour is coming when neither on this mountain nor in Jerusalem will you worship the Father. You worship what you do not know; we worship what we know, for salvation is from the Jews. But the hour is coming, and now is, when the true worshipers will worship the Father in spirit and truth, for such the Father seeks to worship him. God is spirit, and those who worship him must worship in spirit and truth." The woman said to him, "I know that the Messiah is coming (he who is said to finit, I know that the Messian is confing the who is called Christ); when he comes, he will show us all things." Jesus said to her, "I who speak to you am he." Just then his disciples came. They marveled that he was talking with a woman, but none said, "What do you wish?" or, "Why are you talking with her?" So the woman left her water jar, and went away into the city and said to the people "Come see a man who told me all that I ever did to the people, "Come, see a man who told me all that I ever did. Can this be the Christ?" They went out of the city and were coming Can this be the Christ?" They went out of the city and were coming to him. Meanwhile the disciples besought him, saying "Rabbi, eat." But he said to them, "I have food to eat of which you do not know." So the disciples said to one another, "Has anyone brought him food?" Jesus said to them, "My food is to do the will of him who sent me, and to accomplish his work. Do you not say, 'There are yet four months, then comes the harvest'? I tell you, lift up your eyes, and see how the fields are already white for harvest. He who reaps receives wages and gathers fruit for eternal life, so that who reaps receives wages, and gathers fruit for eternal life, so that sower and reaper may rejoice together. For here the saying holds true, 'One sows and another reaps.' I sent you to reap that for which you did not labor; others have labored, and you have entered into their labor." Many Samaritans from that city believed in him because of the woman's testimony. "He told me all that I ever did." So when the Samaritans came to him, they asked him to stay with them; and he stayed there two days. And many more believed because of his word. They said to the woman, "It is no longer because of your words that we believe, for we have heard ourselves, and we know that this is indeed Christ the Savior of the world.'

Το του της του διανύουμε τώρα, έπεκτεινομένη σε πενήγτα μέρες, ξορτάζομε την όπο τους νεκρους ἀνάσταση του Κυρίου και Θεού και Σωτήρα μας Ιπρού Χριστού, δεικνύοντας με αύτη την παράταση την υπεροχη τής απέναντι στις άλλες έφρτες.
Πραγματικά όλοι δοσι, άναστήθηκαν άπο τους γεκρους άναστήθηκαν άπο τολινας κά, άφου πέθαναν πάλι, έπέστρεψαν στη γή. Ο δε Χριστός, άφου άναστήθηκε άπο τους νεκρούς, δεν κυριεύεται πλέαν καθόλου άπο το θάνατό, γιατί δεν έπέστρεψε πάλι στη γή. άλλα ανέβηκε στον ούρανό, καθιστώντας το φύραμα μας που είγε λάβει οἰμόθρονο με το Πατέρα τως οἰμόθος. Είναι ο μόνος που είγεν έρχη τής μελλοντικής άναστάσεως όλον καθιστώντας το φύραμα μας που είγε λάβει οἰμόθρονο με το Πατέρα τως οἰμόθος. Είναι ο μόνος που είγεν έρχη της μελλοντικής άναστάσεως όλον καθιστώντας το φυργικά είναι οι διατού, πεθαίνουν στον Άδαμ, έται στο Χριστό θα άναστομου όλοι, αμαρτωλοι και δίκαιοι, αλλα και δίκαιοι, αλλα ο καθένας στη, τάξη του. Όταν καταργήσει κάθε άρχη και έξουσία και δίναμι και θέσει διούς τους έχθρούς του κάτα όπο τα πόδια του, τελευταίος έχθρος που θα καταργηθεί είναι ο θάνατος, κατά τη κοινη ανάσταση. \* Ο Κύριος αναμέσα στους Ιουδαίους, αλλα και άναμέσα στους ξεθικούς, στη σημερίνη περικότη του ευαγγελίου. Έρχεται ο Κύριος σε μία πόλη τής Σαμάρετας που λέγεται Σίχαρ. (Σαμάρετας ότους) το πάθος, δεικνύει στους μαθητές ότι ή έκλογη των άξιων τής πίστεως δεν θα γίνει μόνο αναμέσα στους Ιουδαίους, αλλα και άναμέσα στους Εθνικούς, στη σημερίνη περικότη του ευαγγελίου. Έρχεται ο Κύριος σε μία πόλη τής Σαμάρετας που λέγεται Σίχαρ. (Σαμάρετας όνομάσθηκε ή πόλη που έκταλο το 880 π.Χ. δ βασίλιας του Γοραήλ, Αμβρί, Επέττα το όρος Σομορ που τίταν ή άκρολολή της και τέλος όλο το βίδια διαντάνου και περικότη του διαντάνου του αναμέσε του πόλου του αραφεί του του διαντάνου του σες έχετα διαντάνου του οί ἄληθινοι προσκυνήτες θα προσκυνοῦν το Πατέρα κατα Πνεῦμα και ἀλήθεια. Γιατί ὁ ὕψιστος και προσκυνήτος Πατέρας, είναι Πατέρας αὐτοαληθείας, δηλαδη τοῦ μονογενοῦς Υἰοῦ καὶ ἔχει Πνεῦμα ἀληθείας, το Πνεῦμα το ἄγιο και αὐτοι που τον προσκυνοῦν, το πράττουν ἔτσι διότι ένεργοῦνται δι' αὐτῶν. ՝ Q Κύριος ἀπομακρύνει κάθε σωματικη ἔννοια τόπο και προσκύνηση, λέγοντας: «Πνεῦμα ὁ Θεος και αὐτοι που τον προσκυνοῦν πρέπει να τον προσκυνοῦν κατα Πνεῦμα και ἀλήθεια». Ώς πνεῦμα που είναι ὁ Θεος είναι ἀσώματος, το δε ἀσώματο δεν εὐρίσκεται σε τόπο οὔτε περιγράφεται με τοπικα ὅρια. Ώς ἀσώματος ὁ Θεος δεν είναι πουθενά, ὡς Θεος δε είναι παντοῦ, ὡς συνέχων και περιέχων το πᾶν. \* Παντοῦ είναι ὁ Θεος ὅχι μόνο εδῶ στη γῆ ἀλλα και ὑπεράνω τῆς γῆς, Πατηρ ἀσώματος και κατα τον χρόνο και σε τόπο ἀόριστος. Παντού είναι ο Θεός οχί μονο εδω στη γη αλλά και υπερανώ της γης, Πατηρ ασωματός και κατά τον χρονό και σε τόπο αοριστός. Βέβαια και ή ψυχη και ὁ ἄγγελος είναι ασώματα, δεν είναι όμως σε τόπο, άλλα δεν είναι και παντού, γιατί δεν συνέχουν το σύμπαν άλλα αὐτα έχουν άνάγκη τοῦ συνέχοντος. \* Ή Σαμαρείτιδα καθως ἄκουσε ἀπο το Χριστο αὐτα τα έξαίσια και θεοπρεπη λόγια, ἀναπτερωμένη, μνημονεύει τον προσδοκώμενο και ποθούμενο Μεσσία, τον λεγόμενο Χριστο που, όταν ἔρθει θα μᾶς τα διδάξει όλα. Βλέπετε πῶς ήταν ἐτοιμότατη για την πίστη; Άπο ποῦ θα γνώριζε τοῦτο, ἀν δεν είχε μελετήσει τα προφητικα βιβλία με πολλη σύνεση; Έτσι προλαβαίνει περι τοῦ Χριστοῦ ότι θα διδάξει ὅλη την ἀλήθεια. Μόλις την είδε ὁ Κύριος τόσο θερμή, τῆς λέγει ἀπροκάλυπτα: Έγω είμαι ὁ Χριστός, που σοῦ μιλῶ. Ἐκείνη γίνεται ἀμέσως ἐκλεκτη εὐαγγελίστρια και ἀφήνοντας τη ὑδρία και το σπίτι της τρέχει και παρασύρει ὅλους τους Σαμαρεῖτες προς το Χριστο και ἀργότερα με τον ὑπόλοιπο φωτοειδη βίο της (ὡς Ἁγία Φωτεινή) σφραγίζει με το μαρτύριο την ἀγάπη της προς τον Κύριο.

#### Sunday of the Samaritan Woman

The Holy Martyr Photina (Svetlana) the Samaritan Woman, her sons Victor (named Photinus) and Joses; and her sisters Anatola, Phota, Photis, Paraskevē, Kyriake; Nero's daughter Domnina; and the Martyr Sebastian: The holy Martyr Photina was the Samaritan Woman, with whom the Savior conversed at Jacob's Well (John. 4:5-42). \* During the time of the emperor Nero (54-68), who displayed excessive cruelty against Christians, Saint Photina lived in Carthage with her younger son Joses and fearlessly preached the Gospel there. Her eldest son Victor fought bravely in the Roman army against barbarians, and was appointed military commander in the city of Attalia (Asia Minor). Later, Nero called him to Italy to arrest and punish Christians. \* Sebastian, an official in Italy, said to Saint Victor, "I know that you, your mother and your brother, are followers of Christ. As a friend I advise you to submit to the will of the emperor. If you inform on any Christians, you will receive their wealth. I shall write to your mother and brother, asking them not to preach Christ in public. Let them practice their faith in secret." \* Saint Victor replied, "I want to be a preacher of Christianity like my mother and brother." Sebastian said, "O Victor, we all know what woes await you, your mother and brother." Then Sebastian suddenly felt a sharp pain in his eyes. He was dumbfounded, and his face was somber. \* For three days he lay there blind, without uttering a word. On the fourth day he declared, "The God of the Christians is the only true God." Saint Victor asked why Sebastian had all the provided the pr changed his mind. Sebastian replied, "Because Christ is calling me." Soon he was baptized, and immediately regained his sight. Saint Sebastian's servants, after witnessing the miracle, were also baptized. \* Reports of this reached Nero, and he commanded that the Christians be brought to him at Rome. Then the Lord Himself appeared to the confessors and said, "Fear not, for I am with you. Nero, and all who serve him, will be vanquished." The Lord said to Saint Victor, "From this day forward, your name will be Photinus, because through you, many will be enlightened and will believe in Me." The Lord then told the Christians to strengthen and encourage Saint Sebastian to peresevere until the end. \* All these things, and even future events, were revealed to Saint Photina. She left Carthage in the company of several Christians and joined the confessors in Rome.

At Rome the emperor ordered the saints to be brought before him and he asked them whether they truly believed in Christ. All the confessors refused to renounce the Savior. Then the emperor gave orders to smash the martyrs' finger joints. During the torments, the confessors felt no pain, and their hands remained unharmed. \* Nero ordered that Saints Sebastian, Photinus and Joses be blinded and locked up in prison, and Saint Photina and her five sisters Anatola, Phota, Phota, Paraskeve and Kyriake were sent to the imperial court under the supervision of Nero's daughter Domnina. Saint Photina converted both Domnina and all her servants to Christ. She also converted a sorcerer, who had brought her poisoned food to kill her. \* Three years passed, and Nero sent to the prison for one of his servants, who had been locked up. The messengers reported to him that Saints Sebastian, Photinus and Joses, who had been blinded, had completely recovered, and that people were visiting them to hear their preaching,

and indeed the whole prison had been transformed into a bright and fragrant place where God was glorified.

Nero then gave orders to crucify the saints, and to beat their naked bodies with straps. On the fourth day the emperor sent servants to see whether the martyrs were still alive. But, approaching the place of the tortures, the servants fell blind. An angel of the Lord freed the martyrs from their crosses and healed them. The saints took pity on the blinded servants, and restored their sight by their prayers to the Lord. Those who were healed came to believe in Christ and were soon baptized. \* In an impotent rage Nero gave orders to flay the skin from Saint Photina and to throw the martyr down a well. Sebastian, Photinus and Joses had their legs cut off, and they were thrown to dogs, and then had their skin flayed off. The sisters of Saint Photina also suffered terrible torments. Nero gave orders to cut off their breasts and then to flay their skin. An expert in cruelty, the emperor readied the fiercest execution for Saint Photis: they tied her by the feet to the tops of two bent-over trees. When the ropes were cut the trees sprang upright and tore the martyr apart. The emperor ordered the others beheaded. Saint Photina was removed from the well and locked up in prison for twenty days. \* After this Nero had her brought to him and asked if she would now relent and offer sacrifice to the idols. Saint Photina spit in the face of the emperor, and laughing at him, said, "O most impious of the blind, you profligate and stupid man! Do you think me so deluded that I would consent to renounce my Lord Christ and instead offer sacrifice to idols as blind as you?"

Hearing such words, Nero gave orders to again throw the martyr down the well, where she surrendered her soul to God (ca. 66).

On the Greek Calendar, Saint Photina is commemorated on February 26.

# **SYNAXARION & SERVICES**

May 19 ~ St. Patrick, Bishop of Proussa; St. Memnonus the Wonderworker May 20 ~ St. Thalleleus & Companions; St. Mark the Hermit

May 21 ~ St. Constantine & Helen, Equal-to-the-Apostles; Orthros 8:30am, Liturgy 9:30 am

May 22 ~ St. Basiliscus, Bishop of Comana; St. Demetrius & Paul of Tripoli
 May 23 ~ St. Michael, Bishop of Synnada; St. Mary the Myrrhbearer
 May 24 ~ St. Symeon the Stylite; St. Vincent of Lerins

#### **Sunday School Gradution**

Congratulations to our Graduates!



# **MEMORIALS**

40 days for Paraskevi Kalesis Memorial of the Battle of Crete (May 20 - June 1, 1941)

# **40 Day Blessing**

Ourania Lora, daughter of Lora Palouris and Johnny Yuinn





